

A physics teacher turns on a Van de Graaff generator, then tells her class that the dome has become **positively charged**.





Describe in terms of the flow of electrons why the dome became **positively charged** when the Van de Graaff generator was switched on.

## [1 mark]



The Van de Graaff generator is then switched off and discharged.

Next, a pupil stands on an insulating rubber mat and places their hands onto the dome of the generator. When it is switched on, their hair stands on end. Explain why this happens.

## 0 1 . 3

Had the pupil not stood on the rubber mat, their hair may not have stood on end. Explain why.

## [2 marks]

[2 marks]

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02.1	In this diagram, a negatively-charged smoke particle is travelling upwards, close to a positively-charged collecting sphere.
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	Draw the pattern of electric field lines in the space around the positively- charged collecting sphere.
	[2 marks]
0 2 . 2	On the same diagram, draw an arrow to represent the electrostatic force which will be exerted on the negatively-charged smoke pattern.
	Label this arrow 'F'.
	[2 marks]
0 2 . 3	In some electrostatic precipitators, the collectors are negatively-charged, and the smoke particles are positively-charged.
	State what effect this would have (if any) on the removal of smoke particles by the precipitator. Explain your answer.
	[2 marks]

STATIC ELECTRICITY AND ELECTRIC FIELDS

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