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Centre number		Candidate number	
Surname			_
Forename(s)			
Candidate signature			

GCSE BIOLOGY

Higher Tier Paper 1H

Tuesday 14 May 2019

Afternoon

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

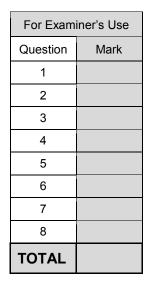
- a ruler
- a scientific calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

Information

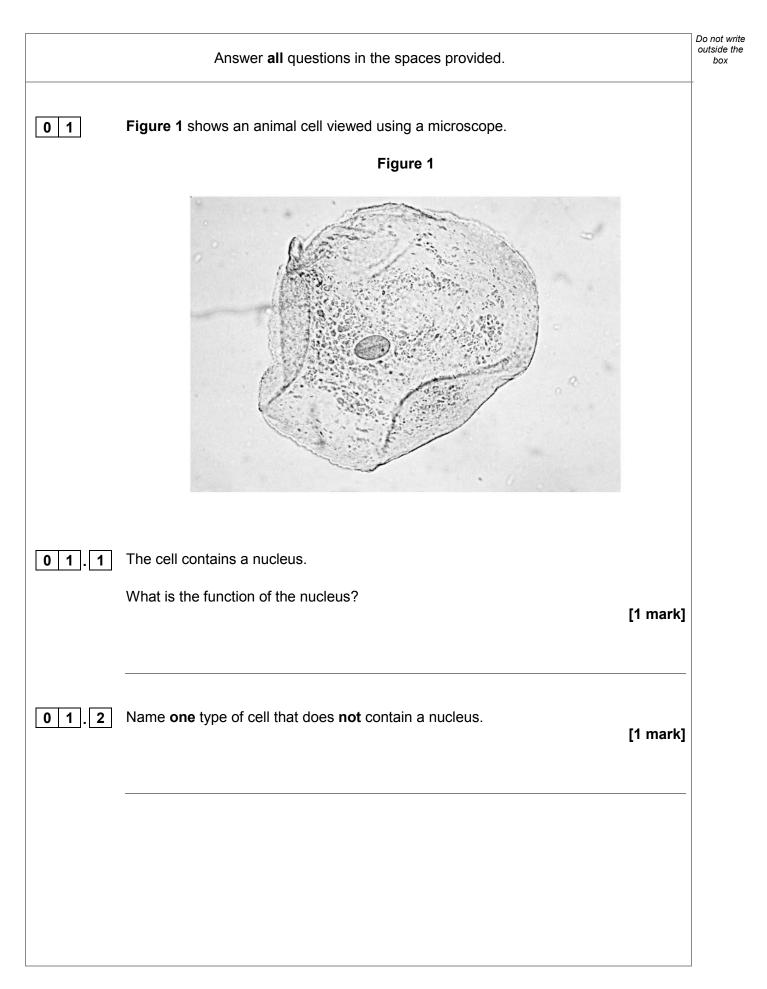
- The maximum mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.



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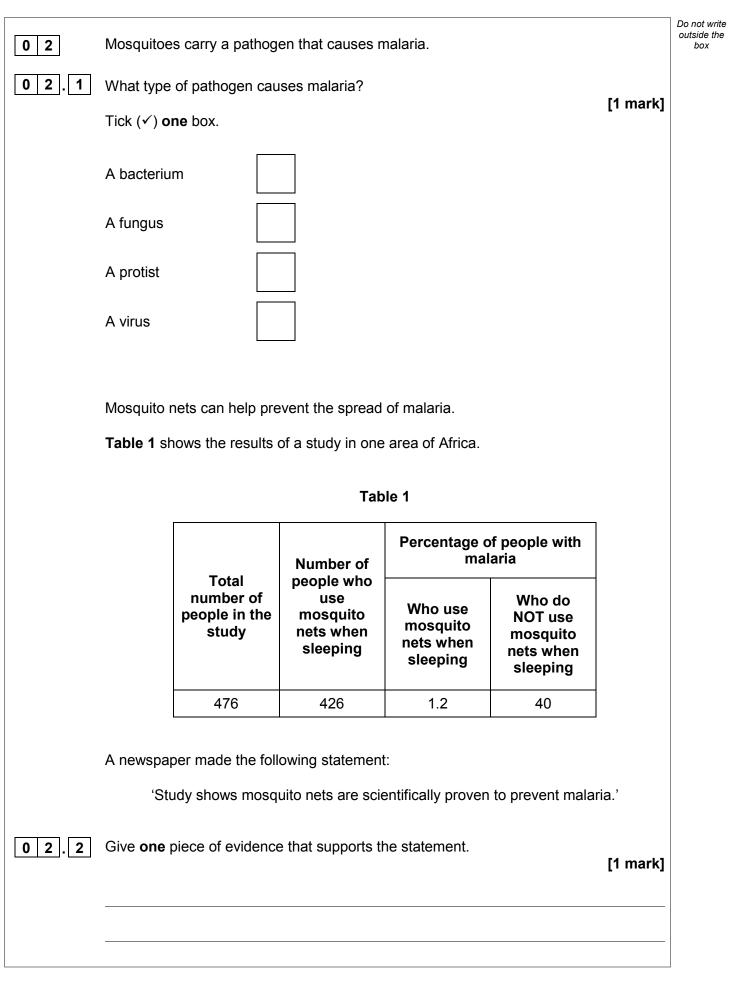
0 1.3	Draw a simple diagram of the cell in Figure 1 .	Do not write outside the box
	Label two parts of the cell.	
	[2 marks]	
0 1.4	Name one structure found in a plant cell but not found in an animal cell.	
	[1 mark]	
	Question 1 continues on the next page	



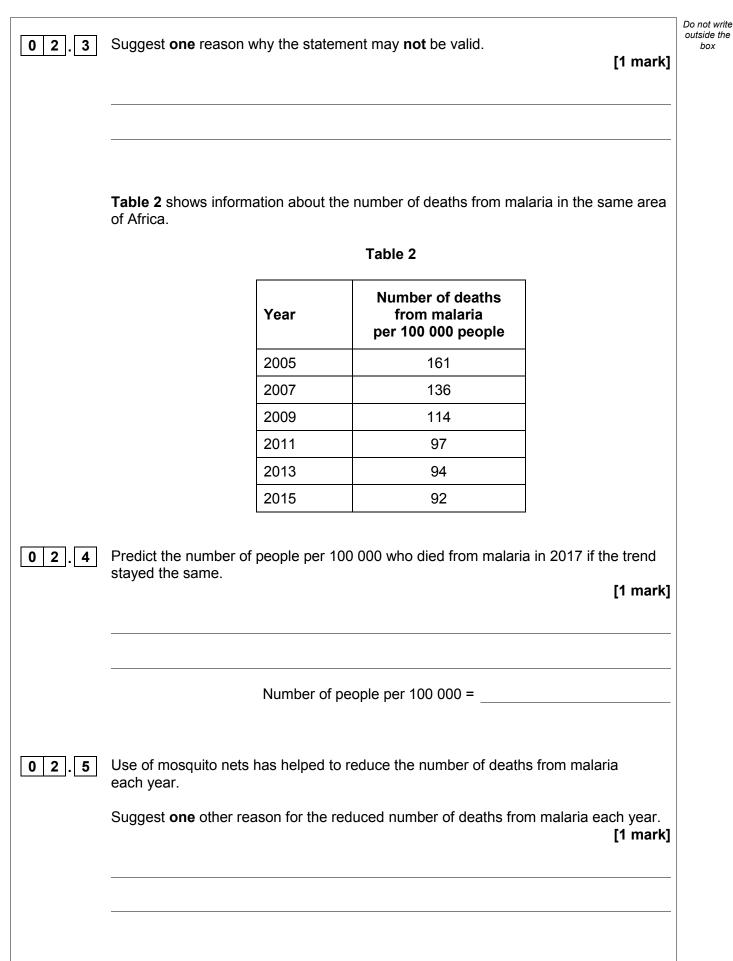
Do not write outside the box Figure 2 shows some different cells. Figure 2 XY The real length from point **X** to point **Y** is 0.06 mm 0 1 . 5 Calculate the magnification. Use the equation: magnification = $\frac{\text{size of image}}{\text{real size of object}}$ [3 marks] Magnification = \times



0 1.6	The cells shown in Figure 2 were viewed using a light microscope.	Do not write outside the box
	Give two advantages of using an electron microscope instead of a light microscope. [2 marks]	
	1	
	2	10
	Turn over for the next question	
	Turn over ►	
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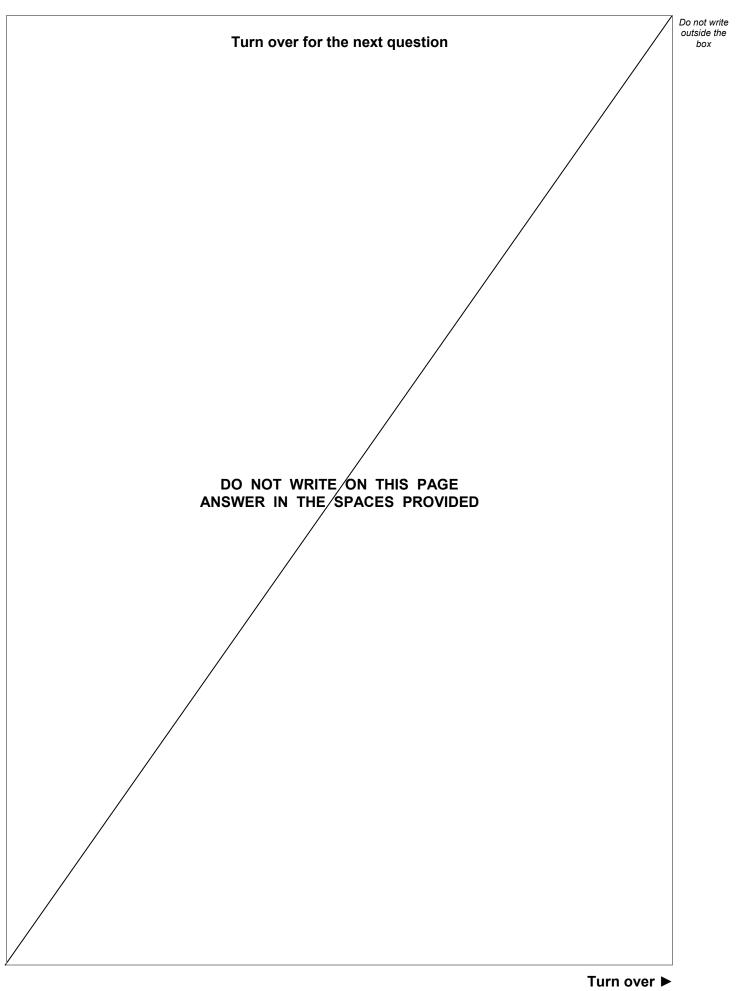




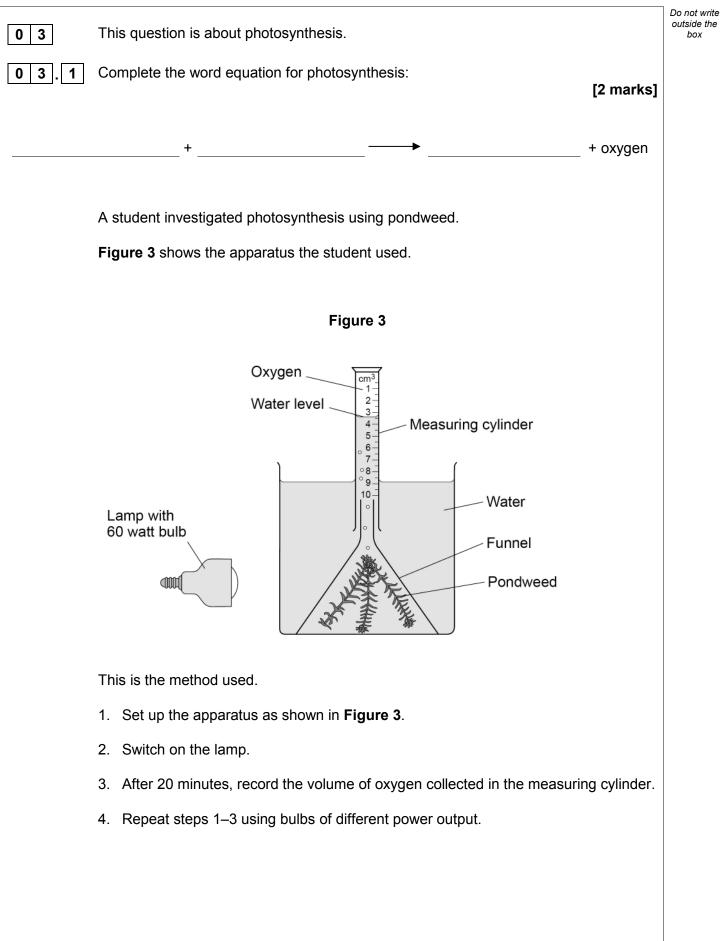
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02.6	Describe how the human body:	Do not write outside the box
	 prevents pathogens from entering defends itself against pathogens inside the body. 	
		11











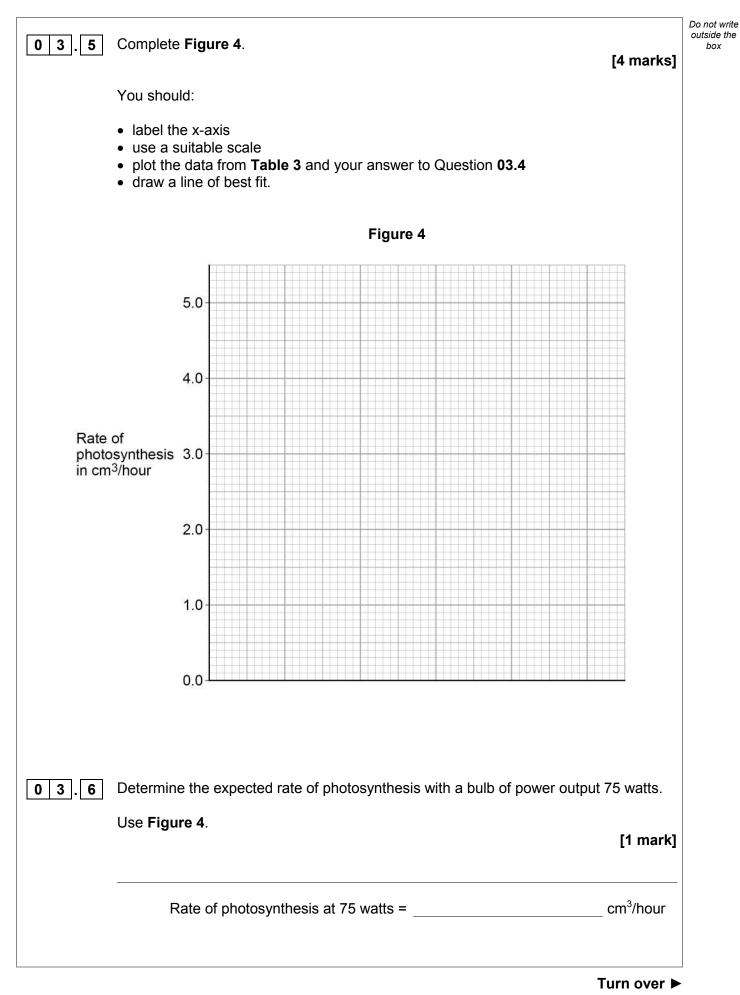
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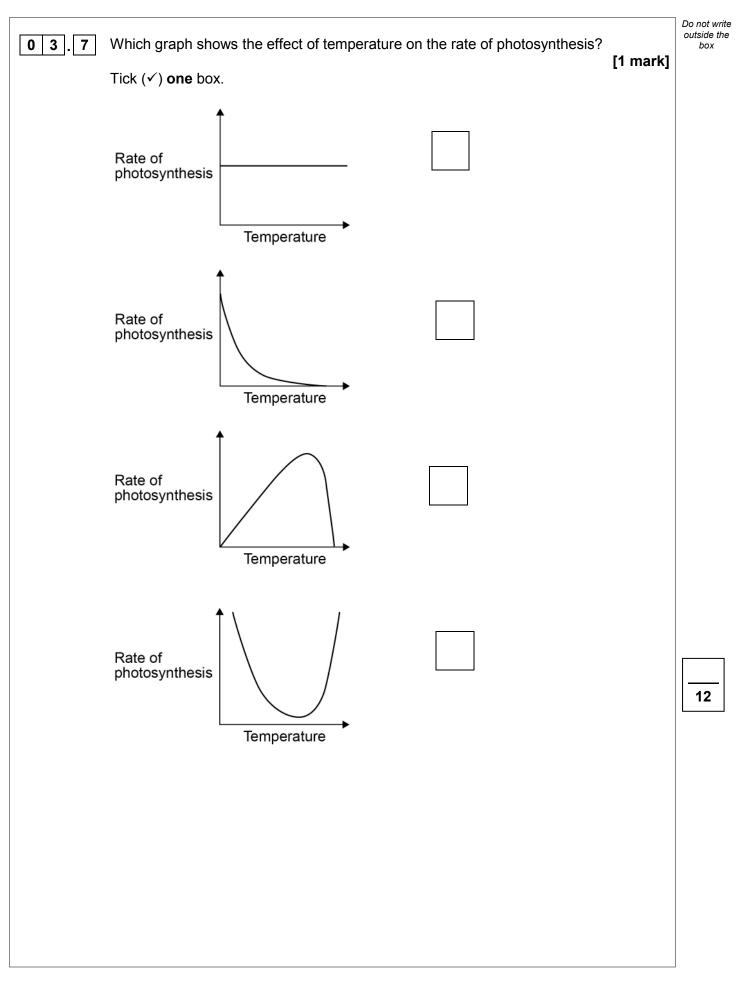


Power output of bulb in watts Volume of oxygen collected in 20 minutes in cm ³ Rate of photosynthesis in cm ³ /hour 60 0.5 1.5 100 0.8 2.4 150 1.1 X 200 1.2 3.6 250 1.2 3.6		Table 3	
60 0.5 1.5 100 0.8 2.4 150 1.1 X 200 1.2 3.6 250 1.2 3.6 alculate value X in Table 3. X	Power output of bulb in watts	collected in	Rate of photosynthesis in cm³/hour
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200 1.2 3.6 250 1.2 3.6 culate value X in Table 3. 3.6	100	0.8	2.4
250 1.2 3.6 ate value X in Table 3.	150	1.1	x
late value X in Table 3 .	200	1.2	3.6
	250	1.2	3.6
X = cm			
		X =	cn











0 4	Water moves from a plant to the atmosphere through the leaves.	Do not write outside the box
04.1	How is the volume of water lost from the leaves controlled? [1 mark]	
04.2	Describe the transport of water through a plant from the roots to the atmosphere. [3 marks]	
	Question 4 continues on the next page	
	Turn over ►	



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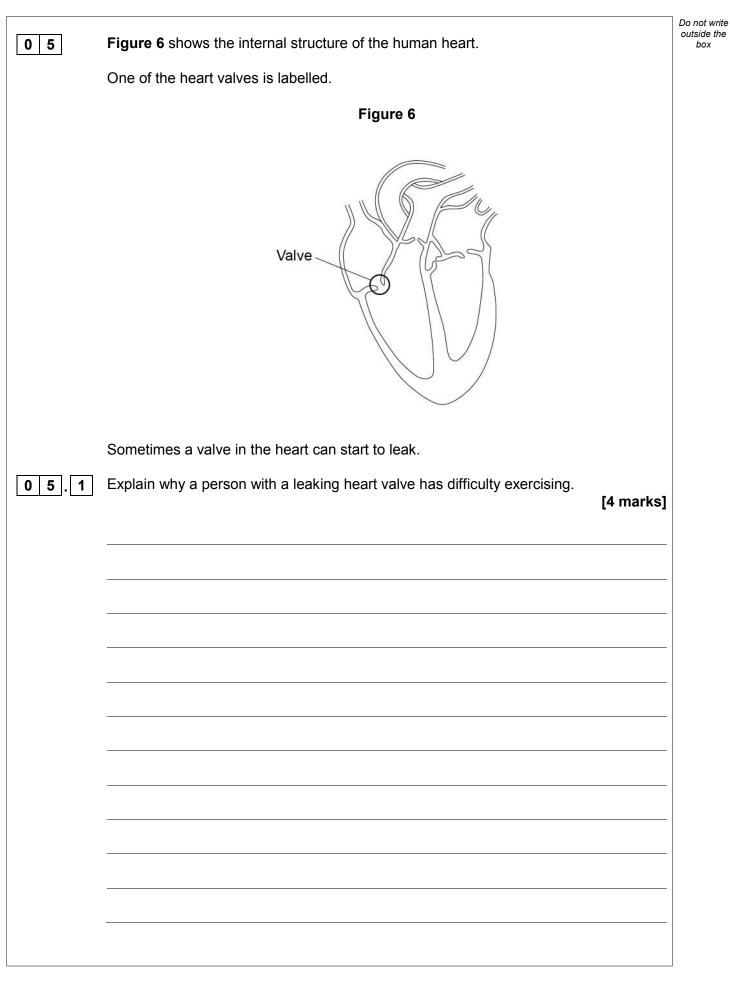
Do not write outside the box A student investigated the volume of water lost from two plants of different species. Both plants were kept together. Figure 5 shows the student's results. Figure 5 18 Plant A 16 14 12 Volume of water lost in cm³ 10 8 Plant B 6 4 2 0 1 2 3 0 Time in hours



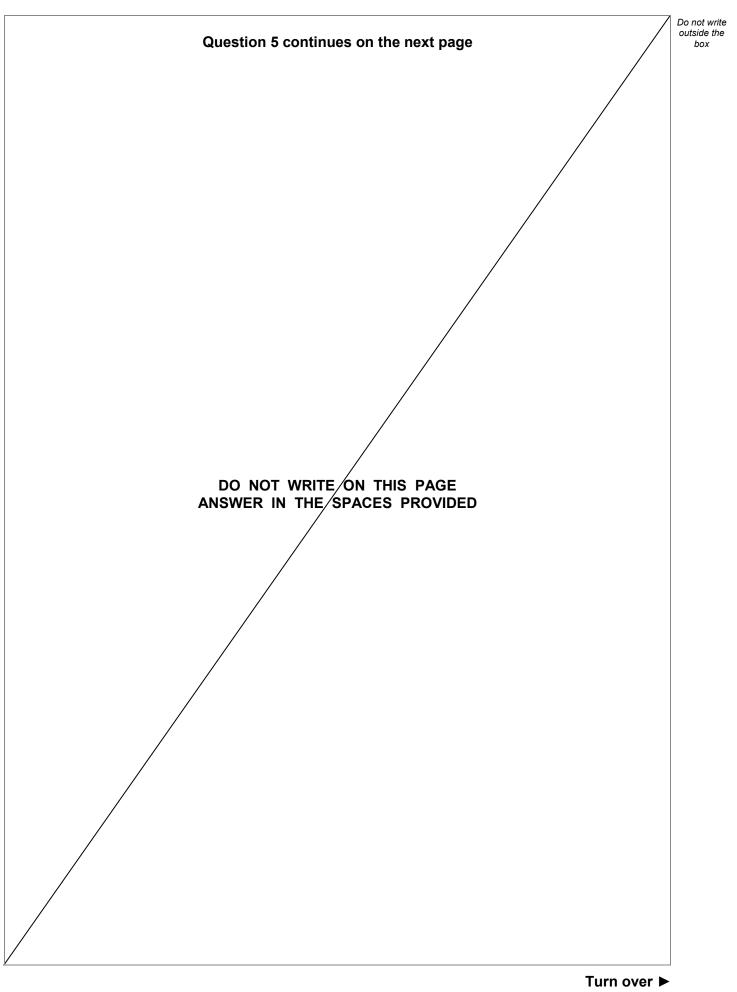
16

04.3	Suggest one reason for the difference in the rate of water loss from the two plant the first 2.5 hours. [1	bo not write outside the box
04.4	Both plants were moved to a different place at 2.5 hours. Calculate the rate of water loss per hour in plant B from 2.5 hours to 3 hours.	
	Give your answer to 2 significant figures. [3 m	arks]
	Rate of water loss = cm ³ /l	nour
04.5	Suggest two reasons why the rate of water loss in both plants changed after 2.5 hours.	narks]
	1	
	2	











A patient with a leaking heart valve may have the valve replaced.

A study compared two different types of replacement heart valve:

- mechanical valves
- biological valves from pigs.

The data used in the study was collected from female patients aged 50-69.

Table 4 shows the data.

Table 4

	Type of replacement heart valve	
	Mechanical	Biological
Number of patients given the valve	2852	1754
Number of patients who died from heart-related problems after valve replacement	180	178
Percentage of patients alive after 5 years	91	89
Percentage of patients needing a second valve replacement within 6 years	2.2	5.2
Percentage of patients who had a blood clot on the brain after surgery	5.8	0.1

0 5.2

Give **one** conclusion about the death of patients from heart-related problems after a valve replacement.

Include calculations to support your answer.

[3 marks]



0 5.3	One risk of mechanical valves is that blood clots can form on the surface of the valve.	Do not write outside the box
	Name the component of the blood that starts the process of blood clotting. [1 mark]	
0 5.4	Evaluate the use of mechanical replacement heart valves and biological replacement heart valves.	
	Use information from Table 4 and your own knowledge. [6 marks]	
		14

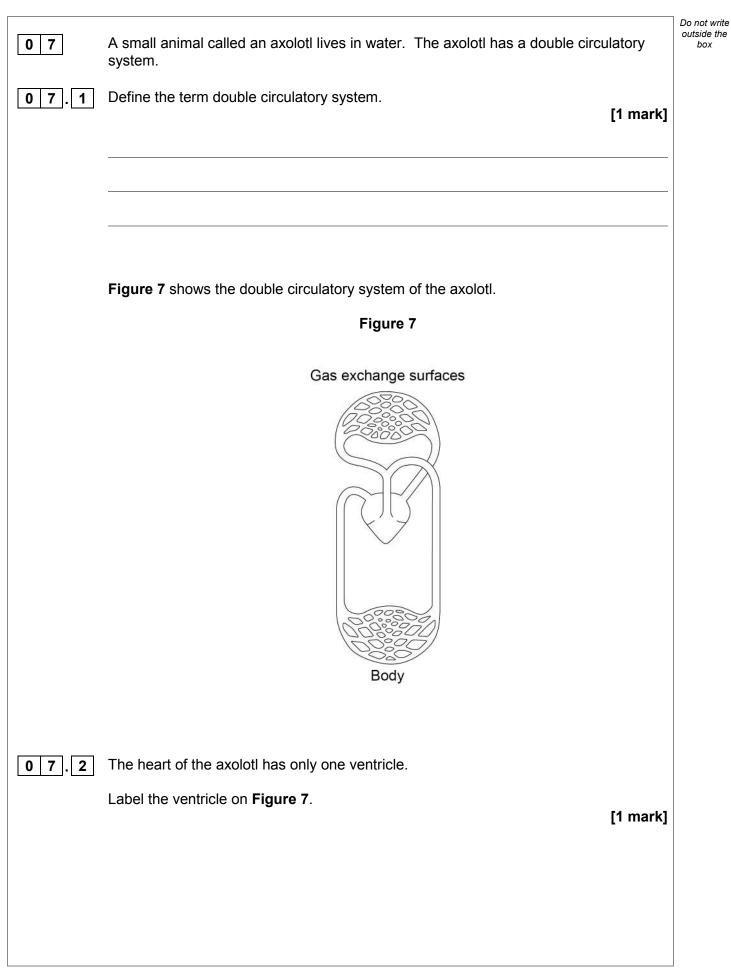


06	People with diabetes have difficulty controlling their blood glucose concentration.	Do not write outside the box
0 6.1	Which part of the blood transports glucose?	
	[1 mark] Tick (✓) one box.	
	Lymphocytes	
	Plasma	
	Platelets	
	Red blood cells	
	Glucose is often found in the urine of people with diabetes.	
06.2	Name a chemical used to test for glucose. [1 mark]	
06.3	Describe a test that could be used to show that a person's urine contains glucose. [2 marks] Test	
	Positive result	

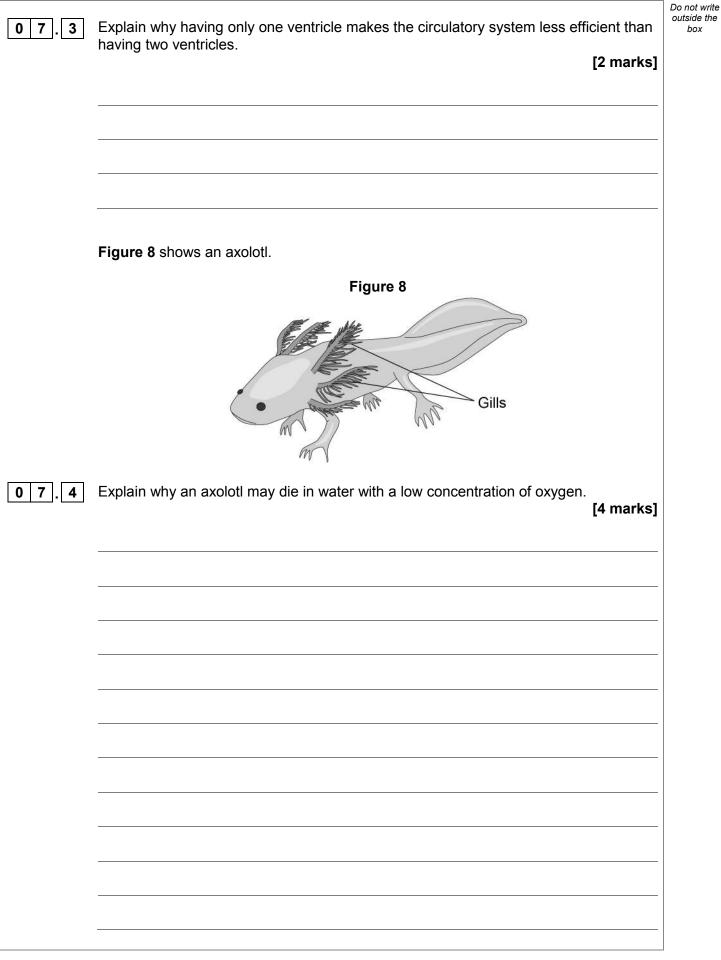


0 6 . 5 Glucose is absorbed into the blood in the small intestine by both diffusion and active transport. Describe how the small intestine is adapted for efficient absorption. [5 marks]	
12	-











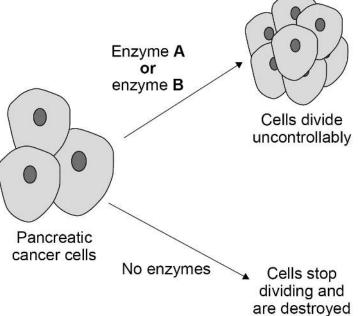
	If a gill of an axolotl is removed, a new gill will grow in its place.	Do not write outside the box
	Scientists hope to use information on how axolotls grow new gills to help with regenerating human tissue.	
07.5	Name the type of cell that divides when a new gill grows. [1 mark]	
0 7.6	Name one condition that could be treated using regenerated human tissue. [1 mark]	
07.7	Suggest one reason why an axolotl is a suitable animal for research in the laboratory. [1 mark]	
0 7.8	An axolotI may not be a suitable animal to study when researching regeneration in human tissue. Suggest one reason why. [1 mark]	
		12



0 8	Pancreatic cancer develops when a malignant tumour grows inside the pancreas.	Do not write outside the box
0 8 . 1	The pancreas produces digestive enzymes.	
	What is an enzyme?	
	[2 marks	·1
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		_
		_
0 8.2	Carbohydrase is an enzyme produced by the pancreas.	
	Name two other organs in the digestive system that produce carbohydrase.	
	[2 marks	L
	1	-
	2	-
0 8.3	One symptom of pancreatic cancer is weight loss.	
0 0 . 3	Explain how pancreatic cancer may cause a person to lose weight.	
	Do not refer to hormones in your answer.	
	[4 marks	5]
		_
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Enzyme A and enzyme B are involved in controlling cell division in pancreatic cancer cells. Most cancer cells produce both enzyme A and enzyme B. Some people have a gene mutation that stops cancer cells producing enzyme B. Figure 9 shows how cell division is controlled in pancreatic cancer cells. Figure 9





	Scientists have developed a drug that inhibits enzyme A .	Do not write outside the box
	The drug is given to pancreatic cancer patients who have the gene mutation that stops cancer cells producing enzyme B .	
	The drug only targets cancer cells.	
08.4	Explain why the drug can be used to treat pancreatic cancer in patients with the gene mutation.	
	Use information from Figure 9. [3 marks]	
08.5	Explain why the drug could not be used to treat pancreatic cancer in a patient that produces both enzyme A and enzyme B .	
	[2 marks]	
	Question 8 continues on the next page	

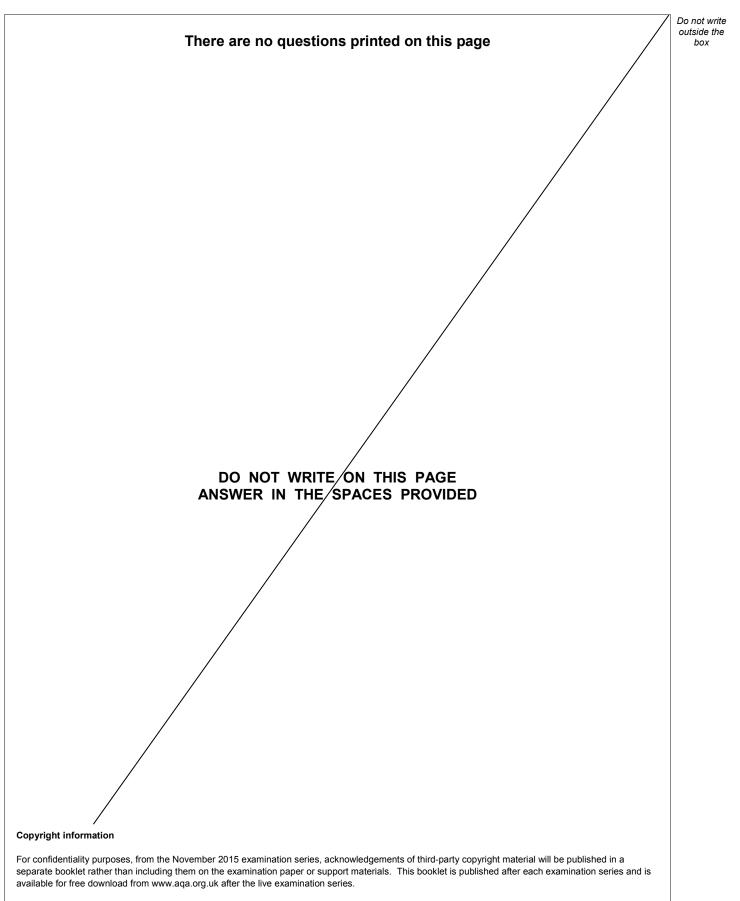


08.6	 The drug was trialled before it was licensed for use. To improve validity of the results in the trial: some patients were given a placebo a double-blind trial was used. 	Do not write outside the box
	Give reasons why a placebo and a double-blind trial were used. [2 marks]	
	A placebo	
	A double-blind trial	
08.7	One stage in a drug trial is to test the drug on healthy volunteers.	
	What is the next stage in the drug trial? [1 mark]	
	Tick (✓) one box.	
	Testing on all patients with the disease	
	Testing on human tissue	
	Testing on live animals	
	Testing on volunteers with the disease	



0 8.8	A monoclonal antibody has been produced to treat pancreatic cancer.	Do not write outside the box
	Explain how the monoclonal antibody works to treat pancreatic cancer. [3 marks]	
		19
	END OF QUESTIONS	





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