AQA

Please write clearly in	block capitals.		
Centre number		Candidate number	
Surname			
Forename(s)			
Candidate signature			

GCSE **COMBINED SCIENCE: TRILOGY**

Higher Tier Physics Paper 2H

Friday 14 June 2019

Morning

Time allowed: 1 hour 15 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a protractor
- a ruler
- a scientific calculator
- the Physics Equations Sheet (enclosed).

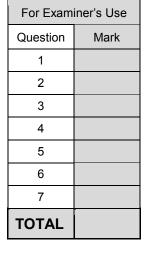
Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.

Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 70.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.







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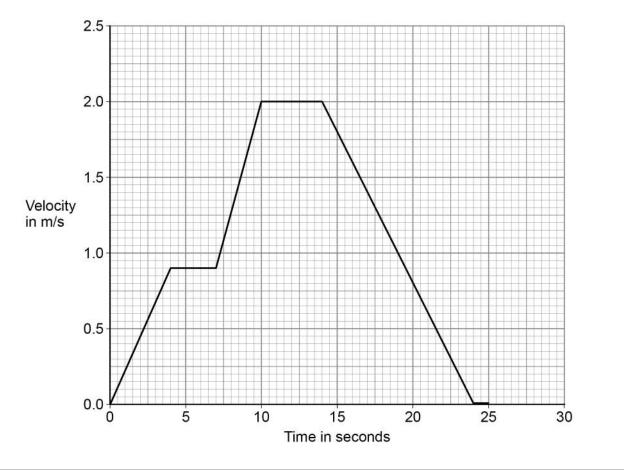






Figure 2 is a velocity-time graph for part of the runner's warm-up.







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0 1.1	Determine the total time for which the velocity of the runner was increasing.	[2 marks]	Do not v outside box
	Time =	S	
0 1.2	Determine the deceleration of the runner.	[2 marks]	
	Deceleration =	m/s ²	
	Question 1 continues on the next page		
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	The smart watch and mobile phone are connected to each other by a system called Bluetooth.	n
	Bluetooth is wireless and uses electromagnetic waves for communication.	
0 1.3	Suggest why the phone and watch being connected by a wireless system is advantage when running.	
		[1 mark]
0 1.4	Write down the equation that links frequency, wave speed and wavelength.	[1 mark]
0 1.5	The electromagnetic waves have a frequency of 2 400 000 000 Hz	
	The speed of electromagnetic waves is 300 000 000 m/s	
	Calculate the wavelength of the electromagnetic waves.	
		[3 marks]
	Wavelength -	
	Wavelength =	m

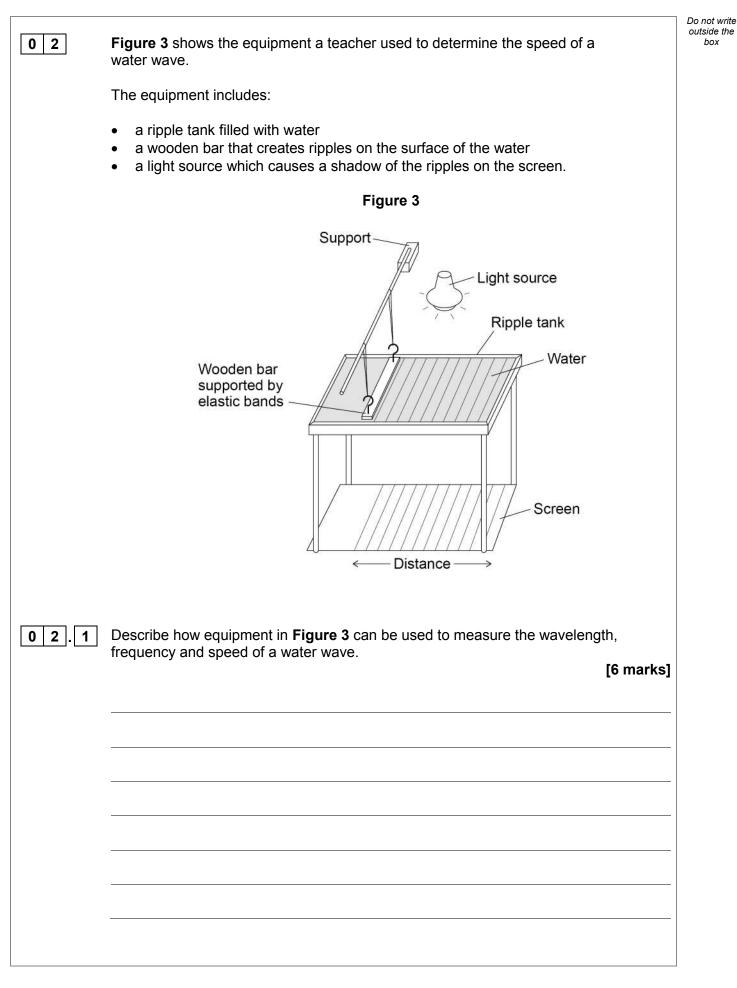


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0 1.6	Table 1 shows some information about four types of Bluetooth.				
			Table 1		
		Туре	Power in milliwatts	Range in metres	
		1	100	100	
		2	2.50	10.0	
		3	1.00	1.00	
		4	0.50	0.50	
	Mobile phones	s use ty	pe 2 Bluetooth to commun	icate with other devices.	
	Suggest two r	reasons	s why.		[2 marks]
	1				
	2				
		Τι	urn over for the next que	stion	



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	The teacher put a plastic duck in the ripple tank as shown in Figure 4 .
	The plastic duck moved up and down as the waves in the water passed.
	Figure 4
	Movement of duck
02.2	How does the movement of the plastic duck in Figure 4 demonstrate that water waves are transverse? [1 mark]
	Question 2 continues on the next page

7



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02.3

3 The teacher measured the maximum height and the minimum height of the plastic duck above the screen as the wave passed.

The teacher repeated his measurements.

 Table 2 shows the teacher's measurements.

Table 2

Maximum height in mm	509	513	511
Minimum height in mm	503	498	499

Calculate the mean amplitude of the water wave.

[3 marks]

Mean amplitude =

10

mm

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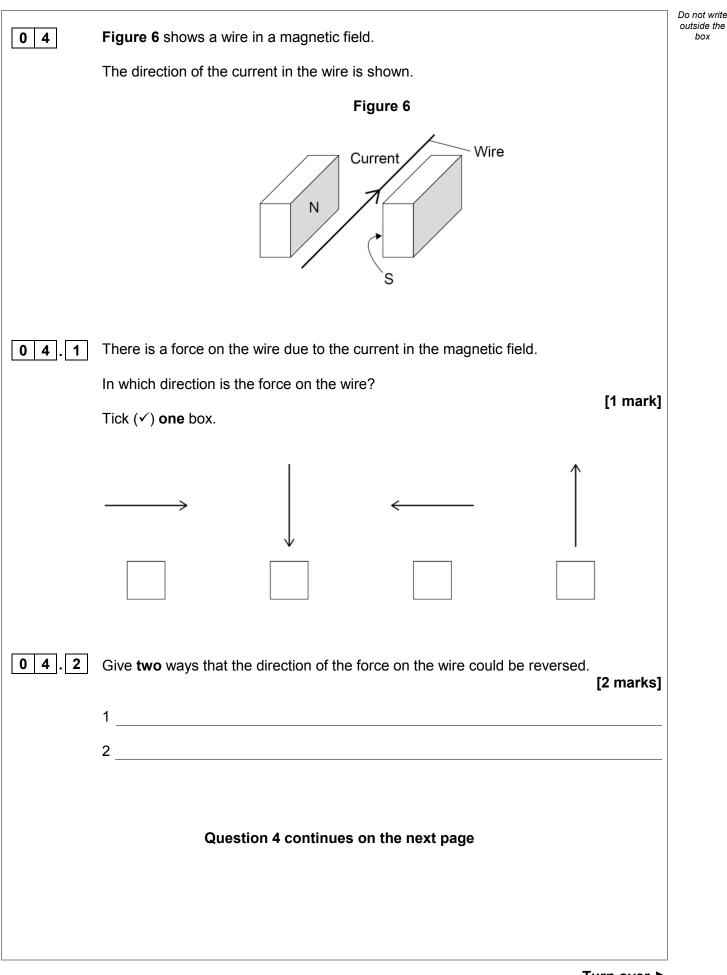


0 3	Some quantities are scalars and some are vectors.	Do not write outside the box
0 3.1	Which of the following quantities are scalars?	
	[2 marks]Tick (✓) two boxes.	
	Displacement	
	Distance	
	Force	
	Speed	
	Velocity	
03.2	Give the difference between a vector quantity and a scalar quantity. [1 mark]	
	Question 3 continues on the next page	
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	Bumper cars are a fairground ride and are designed to bump into each other.
	Figure 5 shows two bumper cars moving towards each other.
	The momentum of each bumper car is shown by an arrow.
	Figure 5
	Momentum Momentum
0 3.3	Give two factors that affect the momentum of each bumper car. [2 marks] 1
	2
0 3.4	The bumper cars crash into each other and stop.
	Explain why both bumper cars stop after the crash. [4 marks]

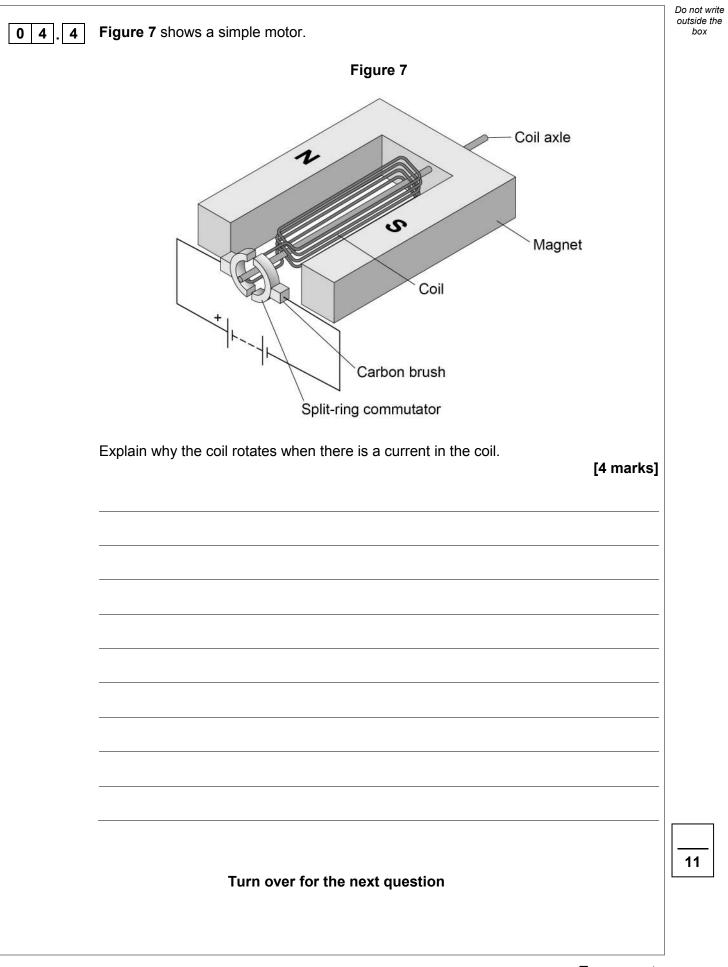






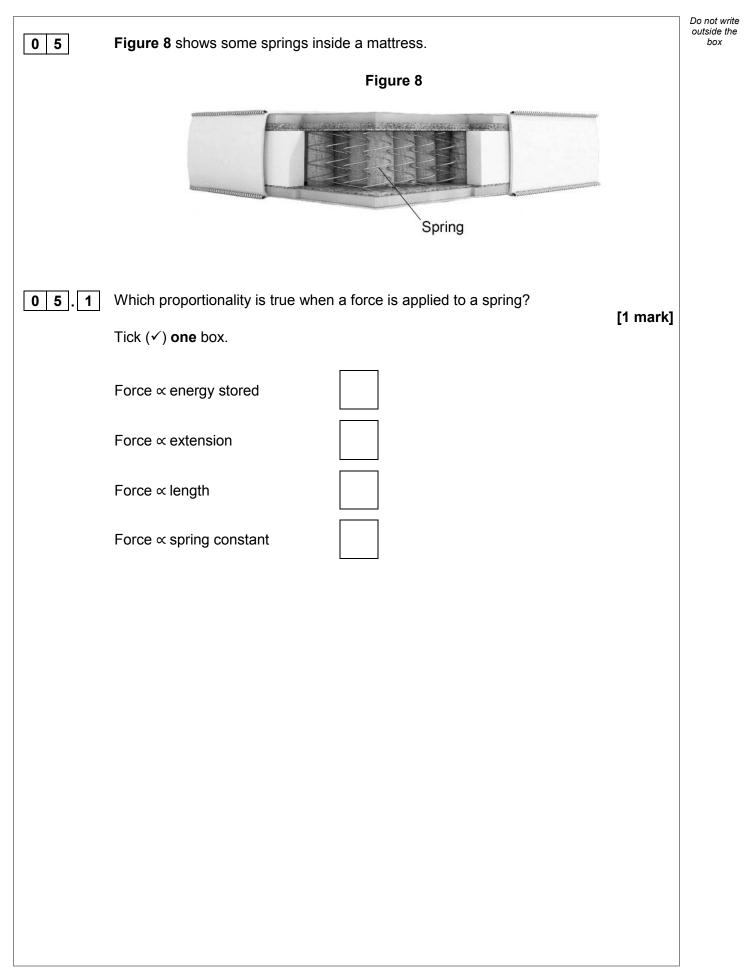
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04.3	The length of the wire in the magnetic field is 0.050 m	outside the box
	The force on the wire is 0.072 N	
	magnetic flux density = 360 mT	
	Calculate the current in the wire.	
	Use the Physics Equations Sheet.	
	[4 marks]	
	Current =A	







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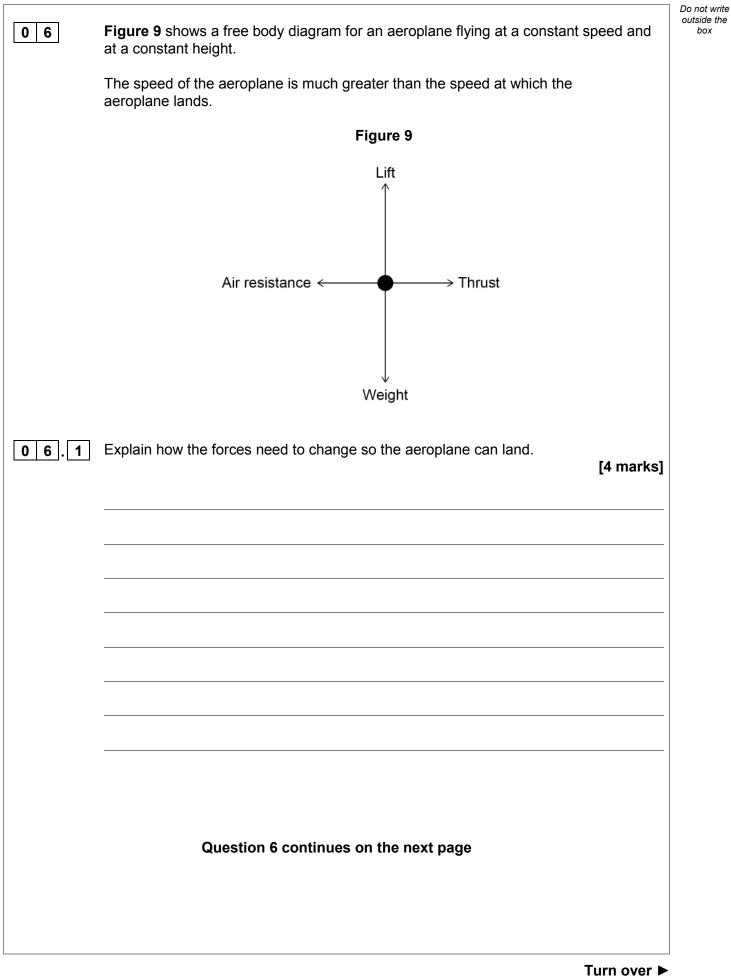


A mattress contains 1200 identical springs.	D
A person lies on the mattress and the springs compress.	
The mean force on each spring in the mattress is 0.49 N	
5 . 2 Calculate the mass of the person.	
gravitational field strength = 9.8 N/kg [4	marks]
Mass =	kg
Question 5 continues on the next page	



		Do not write outside the
0 5.3	The mean compression of each spring is 3.5×10^{-3} m	box
	Calculate the spring constant of each spring in the mattress.	
	Give the unit. [4 marks]	
	Spring constant =	
	Unit =	
0 5.4	For a given force, different springs compress by different amounts.	
	Explain what property of the springs would make the mattress soft.	
	[2 marks]	
		11



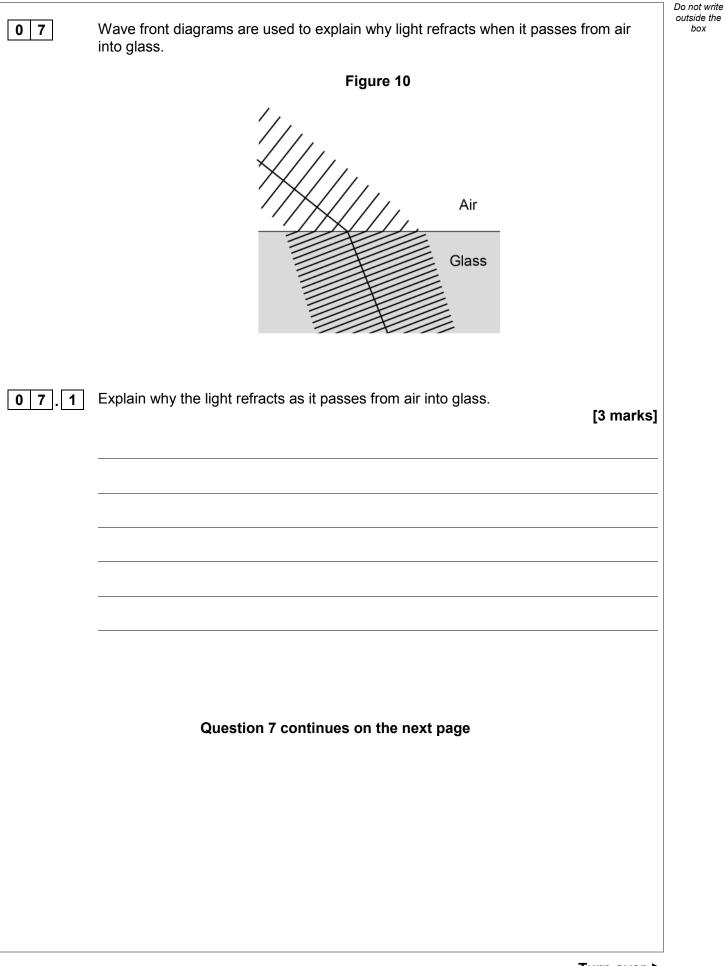




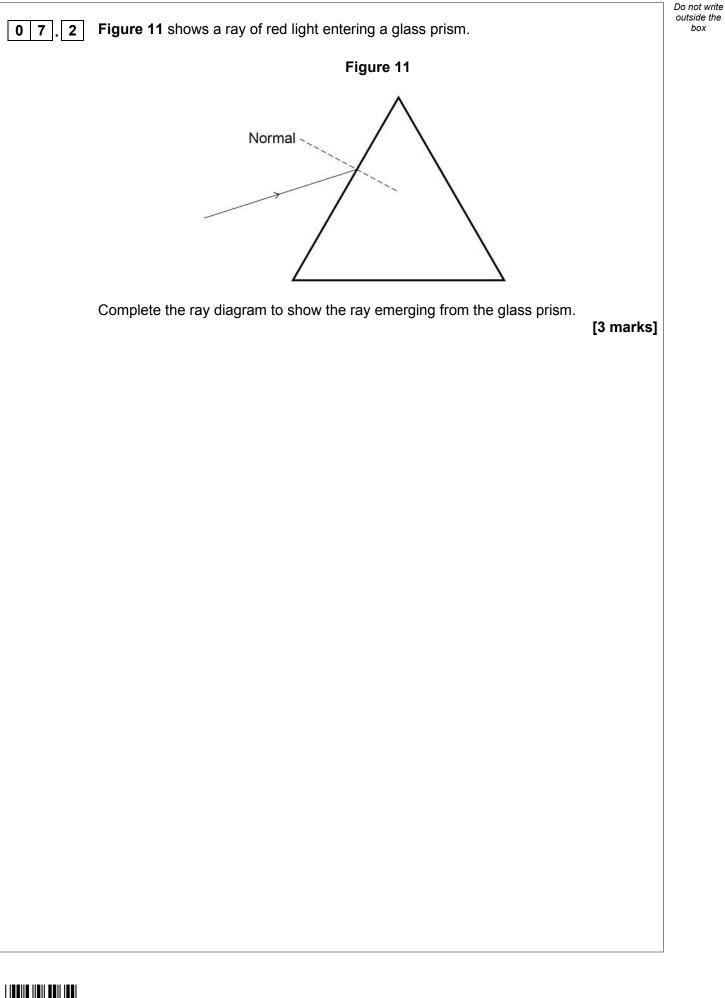
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06.2	The aeroplane lands at a speed of 80 m/s		0
	After landing, the aeroplane takes 28 s to decelerate to a speed of 10 m/s		
	The mean resultant force on the aeroplane as it decelerates is 750 000 \ensuremath{N}		
	Calculate the mass of the aeroplane.	[E marka]	
		[5 marks]	
	Mass =	kg	

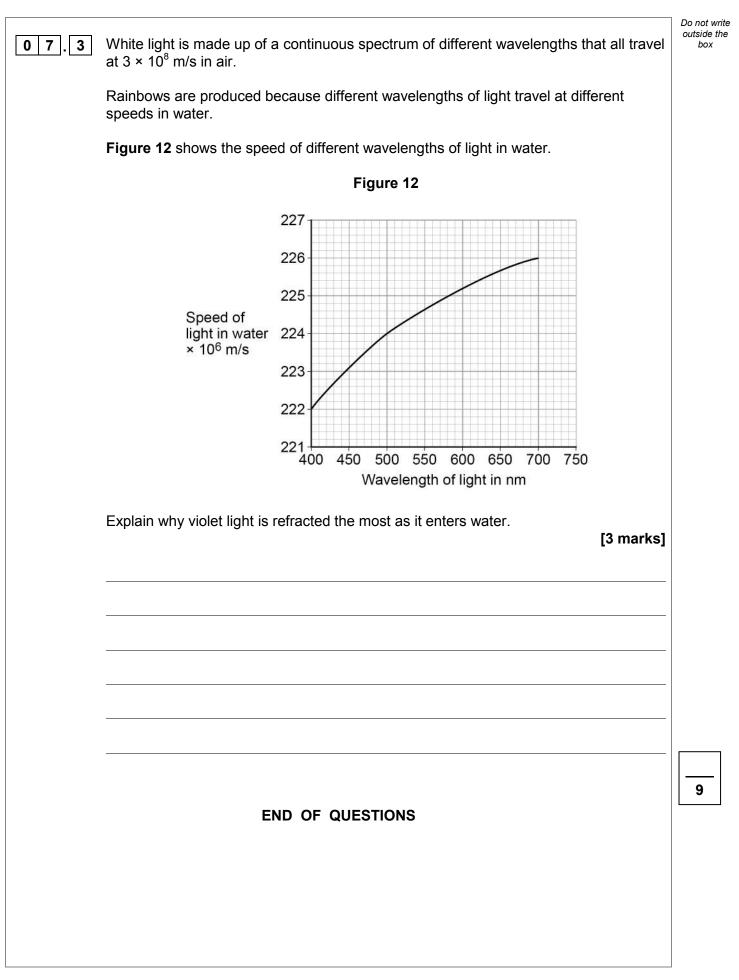


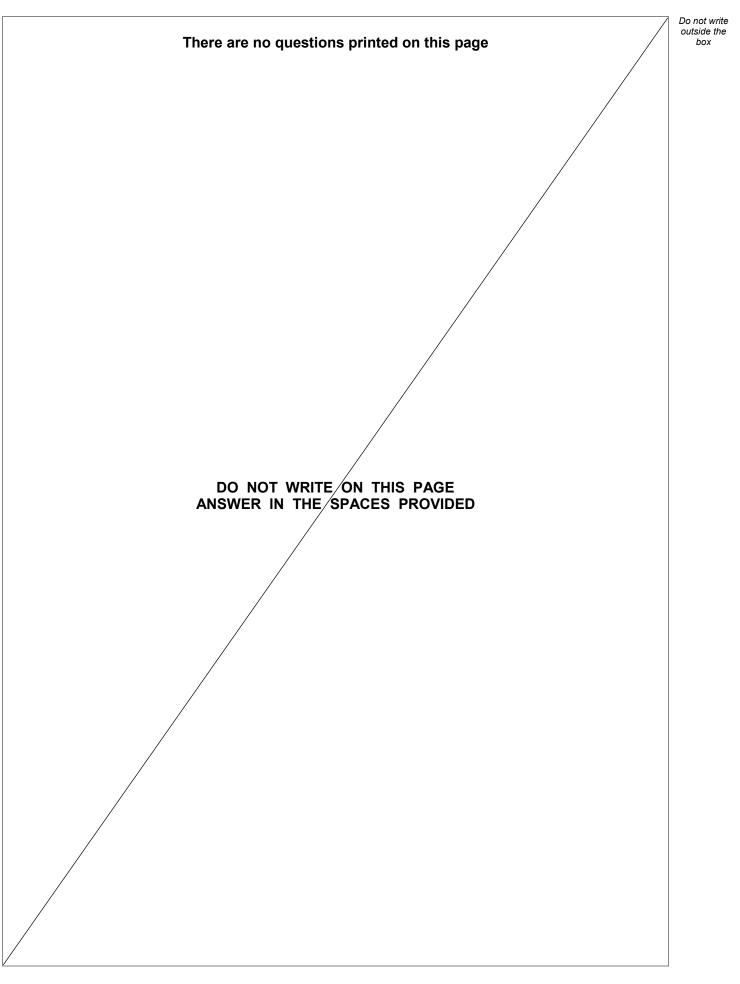




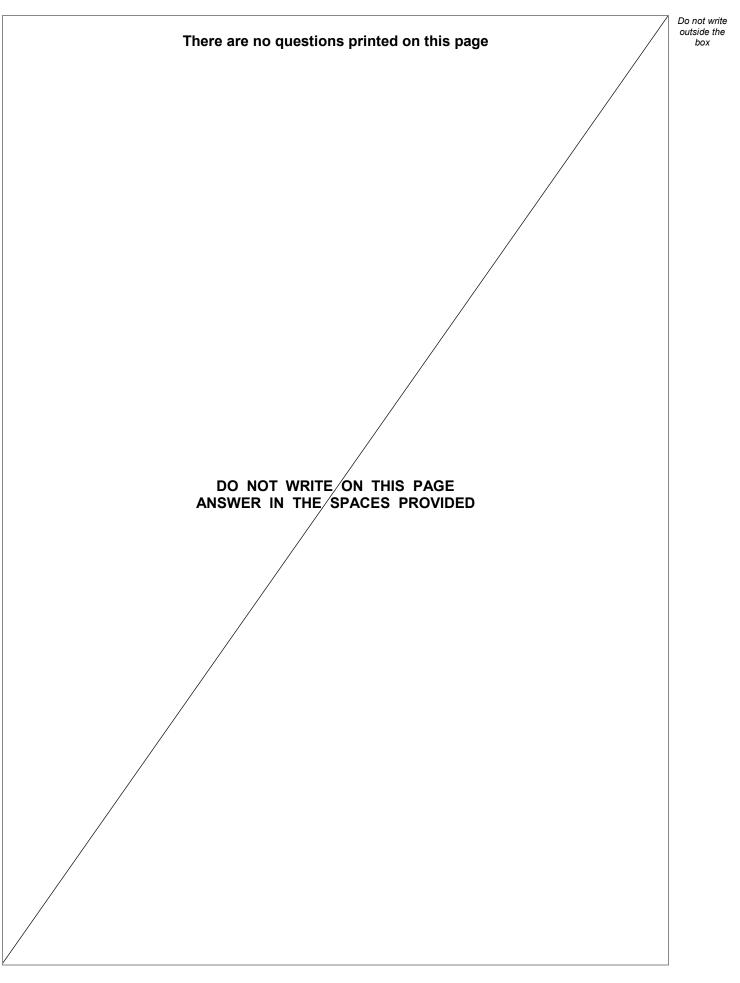




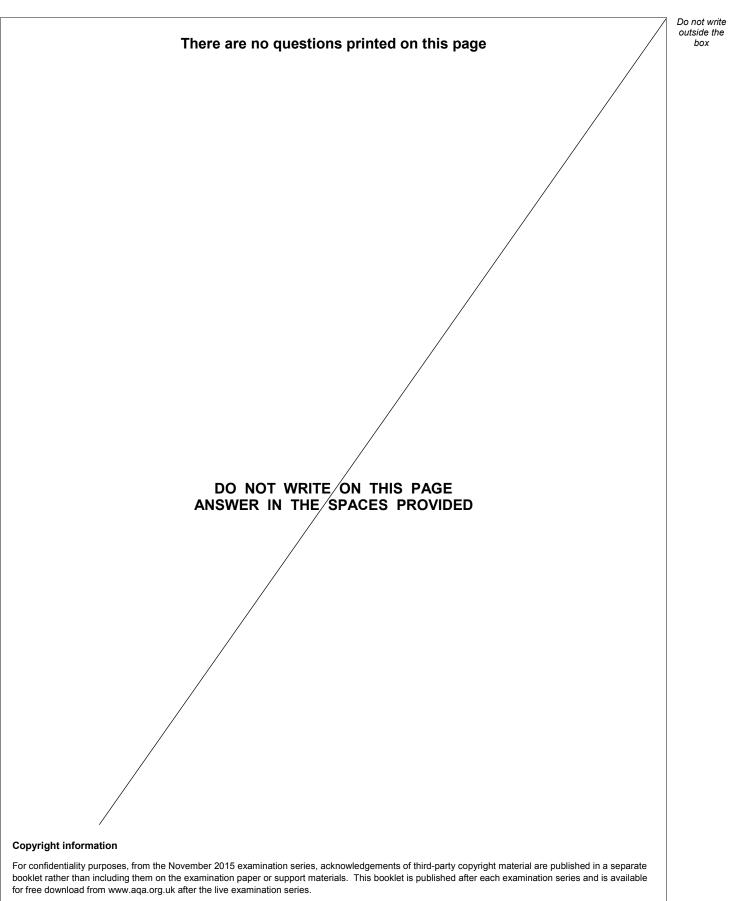












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